Establishing the production of clinically relevant PET tracers via Ru-mediated $^{18}$F-deoxyfluorination

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Fluorine-18 Chemistry

Background (Max 50 words)
In the last decade, several strategies emerged for the $^{18}$F-fluorination of arenes not amenable to aromatic nucleophilic substitution. However, most struggle to be translated efficiently into daily routine or lack multicenter evaluation. Presumably due to some practical drawbacks initially reported[1,2], ruthenium-mediated $^{18}$F-deoxyfluorination has also remained a dormant radiolabeling strategy.

Aims (Max 50 words)
To try to overcome some of the practical drawbacks of ruthenium-mediated $^{18}$F-deoxyfluorination that may be preventing this technique from being widely used, an optimized, and straightforward approach was developed[3]. With this, we aim to stimulate a broader application of this strategy to clinically relevant PET tracers throughout radiochemistry laboratories.

Methods (Max 50 words)
To facilitate $[^{18}]$Ffluoride washing/drying procedures, enhance efficiency, reduce precursor amount, and replace the need for non-commercial additives or different solvent mixtures throughout the radiolabeling process, several modifications to the original report were evaluated. The improved method was then used for $^{18}$F-labeling clinically relevant molecules (see Figure) and was easily automated.

Results and Conclusion (Max 50 words)
The improved procedure overcame previously known hurdles and now allows faster and practical translation to clinical settings. This enhanced method reliably yielded $[^{18}]$fluoro-tryptophan, $[^{18}]$atorvastatin, or $[^{18}]$MC225 in 28% ± 16% (d.c.) with molar activity up to 100 GBq.µmol⁻¹. Additionally, this procedure showed the possibility of direct fluorination with aqueous $[^{18}]$Ffluoride.

References (Max 3 references)
3. Clemente GS et al. $[^{18}]$FAtorvastatin: synthesis of a potential molecular imaging tool for the assessment of statin-related mechanisms of action. EJNMMI Research. 2020;10(34)
Figure: Ru-mediated $^{18}$F-deoxyfluorination of clinically relevant PET tracers.