

## Appendices for the Bachelor's degree programme(s) in Mathematics

### 2022-2023

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# Appendix I<br/>programme<br/>(Article 3.1.1)Learning outcomes of the Bachelor's degree

As a consequence of the ongoing automation of society and the technological innovations that go along with this, the call of our society for mathematics is growing. Underneath virtually every form of automation lies a mathematical concept or model. In order to be able to respond to this development in society, it is important that mathematics is utilized in a proper and effective way. This requires that society has access to sufficiently many well qualified and highly trained mathematicians.

The Bachelor's degree programme in Mathematics aims to impart knowledge, skills, understanding and an academic attitude in the field of mathematics by means of a broadly based curriculum such that Bachelor's graduates are able to pursue an independent career as independent professionals and are also qualified for further training to become academic researchers in the field.

The Bachelor's graduate must be able to progress to the follow-on Master's degree programme in Mathematics. Graduates of the bachelor's degree programme in Mathematics should also be able to take the Master's degree programme in Applied Mathematics or in Education and Communication. In addition, Bachelor's graduates who have taken the 'Educatieve Minor' (teacher-training minor) gain a Grade Two teaching qualification in mathematics.

#### Learning outcomes BSc Mathematics track General Mathematics

The above aim has been translated into a set of learning outcomes which consists of generic learning outcomes complemented with specified learning outcomes with respect to both Knowledge and Skills.

#### A. Generic learning outcomes – Knowledge

Bachelor's graduates in Mathematics track General Mathematics

A1. have general knowledge of the foundations and principle branches of mathematics.

A2. have mastered the basic concepts of mathematics (see Appendix I for further specification) to a certain extent and are familiar with the interrelationships of these concepts within mathematics as well as with other disciplines (e.g., physics, logic, or philosophy).

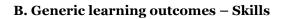
A3. have in-depth knowledge of several current topics within mathematics.

A4. are familiar with the quantitative character of mathematics and have an understanding of the methods used in this field.

A5. have sufficient knowledge and understanding of mathematics to successfully complete a follow-up Master's degree programme in Mathematics.

A6. are aware of the societal, ethical and social aspects involved in the field of mathematics.





Bachelor's graduates in Mathematics track General Mathematics

B1 (Research) are able to draw up a research question, design, plan and conduct research and report on it independently with a certain degree of supervision. Bachelor's graduates are able to evaluate the value and limitations of their research and assess its applicability outside their own field. See Appendix II for further specification.

B2 (Problem Solving) are able to identify, apply, and choose among several potentially appropriate mathematical methods, persist in the face of difficulty, emphasize the importance of clarity and precision, and present solutions that include appropriate justification for their reasoning. See Appendix II for further specification.

B3 (Gathering information) are able to gather relevant information using modern means of communication and to critically interpret this information.

B4 (Collaborating) are able to collaborate intellectually and creatively in diverse contexts, while applying mathematical reasoning as well as emphasizing its importance.

B5 (Communicating) are able to communicate orally and in writing in academic and professional contexts, with both colleagues and others, in English. They are familiar with the relevant means of communication.

B6 (Reflecting) are able to assess their own actions and those of others in a natural sciences context, bearing in mind the social/societal and ethical aspects.

B7 (Learning skills) are able to apply learning skills that enable them to pursue a follow-up degree and acquire knowledge in new fields with a high level of autonomy.

#### Appendix I Specified basic knowledge related learning outcomes

Bachelor's graduates in Mathematics track General Mathematics

- 1.1. have mastered the basic concepts and techniques of mathematics, in particular single and multivariable calculus, linear algebra, analysis, ordinary differential equations, probability theory, statistics and algebra.
- 1.2. have knowledge of more advanced subjects within the fields of algebra, geometry, analysis, numerical mathematics, dynamical systems, probability and statistics.
- 1.3. have specific knowledge of one of the fields of Pure Mathematics.
- 1.4. have gained knowledge of and experience in the 'heart' of mathematics, i.e., understand the basic rules of logic, appreciate the role of mathematical proof, proficiently construct logical arguments and rigorous proofs, formulate and solve abstract mathematical problems.
- **1.5.** recognize connections between different branches of mathematics, understand the connections between theory and applications, and have knowledge of various applications of mathematics.
- 1.6. are able to use mathematical software packages in an effective way or, if necessary, modify programs themselves.





Bachelor's graduates in Mathematics track General Mathematics

#### Research

- 2.1 have an academic attitude, which means they are curious, critical, creative and dare to show initiative.
- **2.2** are able to formulate relatively simple mathematical questions and problems in an exact way and if necessary, adapt them to make them tractable.
- 2.3 are able to articulate assumptions, understand the importance of detailed definitions, and are able to think in an organized way, to apply exact logical arguments when solving problems, and to generalize and abstract.
- 2.4 are able to analyse and abstract simple problems that are outside the scope of their own study programme and to independently acquire new knowledge to this end.

#### **Problem solving**

- 2.5 are able, under supervision and from the perspective of their field of interest, to translate a problem into a relevant mathematical problem definition and to this end formulate and evaluate a solution based on source research.
- 2.6 are able to distinguish a coherent argument from a fallacious one, make vague ideas precise by formulating them in the mathematical language, recognize real-world problems that are amenable to mathematical analysis, and use fundamental mathematical concepts and methods to study these problems.
- 2.7 are able to approach mathematical problems on the basis of a certain logical system and with determination to find the right method of approach.
- 2.8 are aware of the importance of researching specific cases and examples and have the attitude and skills necessary to critically evaluate the solutions found, test them for correctness and interpret them.
- 2.9 are able, by abstracting and reasoning, to delve into the root of a problem and determine whether existing methods can be applied or new methods must be developed.

#### Learning outcomes BSc Mathematics track Probability and Statistics

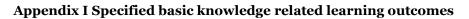
This track differs in the following learning outcomes from the track General Mathematics

A2'. have mastered the basic concepts of mathematics, probability and statistics (see Appendix I' for further specification) to a certain extent and are familiar with the interrelationships of these concepts within mathematics as well as with other disciplines (e.g., econometrics, life sciences, physics).

B2' (Problem Solving, Modelling) are able to identify, apply, and choose among several potentially appropriate mathematical methods, present solutions that include appropriate justification for their reasoning, and are able to translate a problem, in particular a design problem, into a plan of approach and – taking into account the requirements of the client and/or technical preconditions – find a solution. See Appendix II' for further specification.

B5' (Communicating) are able to communicate orally and in writing in academic and professional contexts, in English, and are able to interact with mathematicians as well with scientists who apply statistical methods. They are familiar with the relevant means of communication.





Bachelor's graduates in Mathematics track Probability and Statistics

- 1.1. have mastered the basic concepts and techniques of mathematics, in particular single and multivariable calculus, linear algebra, analysis, ordinary differential equations, probability theory and statistics, and algebra.
- 1.2. have knowledge of more advanced subjects within the fields of algebra, geometry, analysis, numerical mathematics, dynamical systems, probability and statistics.
- 1.3. have specific knowledge of one of the fields of Pure Mathematics and Statistics.
- 1.4. have gained knowledge of and experience in precise (both mathematical and statistical) reasoning and mathematical proof.
- 1.5. recognize connections between different branches of mathematics, recognize the connections between theory and applications, and have knowledge of basic sciences at a level necessary to apply statistical or mathematical methods, and are aware of the wider multidisciplinary context of (life) science and engineering.
- 1.6. are able to use mathematical software packages in an effective way or, if necessary, modify programs themselves.

#### Appendix II Degree programme-specific learning outcomes – Skills

Bachelor's graduates in Mathematics track Probability and Statistics

#### Research

- 2.1 have an academic attitude, which means they are curious, critical, creative and dare to show initiative.
- 2.2 are able to formulate relatively simple mathematical questions and problems in an exact way and if necessary, adapt them to make them tractable
- **2.3** are able to articulate assumptions, understand the importance of detailed definitions, and are able to think in an organized way, to apply exact logical arguments when solving problems, and to generalize and abstract.
- 2.4 are able to analyse and abstract simple problems that are outside the scope of their own study programme and to independently acquire new knowledge to this end.

#### Problem solving, Modelling

- 2.5 are able, under supervision and from the perspective of their field of interest, to translate a problem into a relevant mathematical problem definition and to this end formulate and evaluate a solution based on source research.
- 2.6 are able to make vague ideas precise by formulating them in the mathematical language, recognize real-world problems that are amenable to mathematical/statistical analysis, and are able to discuss the assumptions underlying their mathematical/statistical model, use mathematical/statistical concepts and methods to study these models.
- **2.7** are able to approach mathematical problems on the basis of a certain logical system and with determination to find the right method of approach and are aware of the limitations of the chosen method.
- 2.8 are aware of the importance of researching specific cases and examples and have the attitude and skills necessary to critically evaluate the solutions found, test them for correctness and interpret them.
- 2.9 are able, by modelling, abstracting and reasoning, to delve into the root of a problem and determine whether existing methods can be applied or new methods must be developed.





2.10 are able to conduct searches of literature, to critically use scientific databases and other sources of information, or to consult specialists to carry out statistical and mathematical analysis in order to study problems in (life) science and engineering.





# Appendix II Majors and Minors of the degree programme (Article 3.7.4)

The degree programme has the following two Tracks (165 ECTS):

- o General Mathematics
- o Probability and Statistics

The degree programme has the following choices in Minors (15 ECTS):

- a. University-wide broadening minors
- b. Faculty-wide deepening minors
- c. Minor Mathematics (see Appendix IV)
- d. Personal minor, based on an individual choice of course units to be approved by the Board of Examiners; the minor must be coherent and of sufficient level.

In addition, the programme offers the option of a Minor Abroad (30 ECTS) or an Education Minor (30 ECTS). Students who take a Minor Abroad or an Education Minor follow 150 ECTS from the track programme (instead of 165 ECTS); see Appendix IV for details.

The Minor Abroad has to satisfy the following two conditions:

- at least 15 ECTS of Mathematics (related) courses relevant to the student's track (at the discretion of the Board of Examiners)

- two coherent packages of 15 ECTS or one coherent package of 30 ECTS, both of sufficient level (at the discretion of the Board of Examiners)

To obtain a double Bachelor's degree in Mathematics and Physics a subspecialization of the Mathematics track General Mathematics can be combined with a subspecialization of the Physics track Particle Physics. The workload of this combination is 250 ETCS. Details can be found in App. III and IV.





### Appendix III Course units in the propaedeutic phase

- List of course units; Article 4.1.1
- Compulsory order of examinations; Article 9.3

#### Propaedeutic phase Bachelor's programme in Mathematics

The propaedeutic phase of the Bachelor's degree programme in Mathematics with tracks in General Mathematics and Probability and Statistics comprises a compulsory joint programme of 60 ECTS:

Course unit name	Course code	ECT	Practical	Entry
		S		requirements
Calculus 1	WBMA003-05	5	PR	
Linear Algebra 1	WBMA020-05	5	PR	
Sets and Numbers	WBMA051-05	5		
Analysis	WBMA012-05	5		
Introduction to Graph Theory	WBMA052-05	5		
One out of: - Introduction to Logic - Mechanics and Relativity for Mathematicians	WBAI013-05 WBMA060-05	5		
Calculus 2	WBMA029-05	5		
Scientific Programming	WBMA053-05	5	PR	
Linear Algebra 2	WBMA035-05	5		
Linear Systems	WBMA043-05	5		
Probability Theory	WBMA046-05	5		
One out of: - First-year Project Mathematics - First-year Project Applied Mathematics	WBMA041-05 WBMA040-05	5	PR	



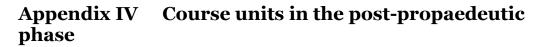


#### **Propaedeutic Phase Double degree in Mathematics and Physics**

A student who desires to obtain both a Bachelor's degree in Mathematics and a Bachelor's degree in Physics has to be enrolled in both degree programmes. The learning outcomes of both programmes are met by combining a subspecialization of the Mathematics track General Mathematics with a subspecialization of the Physics track Particle Physics. The propaedeutic phase of this combination has a workload of 80 ECTS:

Course unit name	Course code	ECT	Practical	Entry
		S		requirements
Calculus 1	WBMA003-05	5	PR	
Linear Algebra 1	WBMA020-05	5	PR	
Physics Laboratory 1	WBPH013-05	5	PR	
Mechanics and Relativity	WBPH001-10	10		
Analysis	WBMA012-05	5		
One out of		5		
<ul> <li>Sets and Numbers</li> </ul>	WBMA051-05			
<ul> <li>Introduction to Graph</li> </ul>	WBMA052-05			
Theory				
Physics of the Quantum Universe	WBPH028-05	5		
Electricity and Magnetism	WBPH033-10	10		
Calculus 2	WBMA029-05	5		
One out of		5	PR	
<ul> <li>Scientific Programming</li> </ul>	WBMA053-05			
<ul> <li>Python for Physicists</li> </ul>	WBPH044-05			
Linear Algebra 2	WBMA035-05	5		
Linear Systems	WBMA043-05	5		
Probability Theory	WBMA046-05	5		
One out of		5	PR	
<ul> <li>First-year Project</li> </ul>	WBMA041-05			
Mathematics				
<ul> <li>Physics Laboratory 2</li> </ul>	WBPH050-05			





- List of course units; Article 7.1.1
- Compulsory order of examinations; Article 9.3

#### Post-propaedeutic phase Bachelor's programme in Mathematics

The post-propaedeutic programme consists of common compulsory courses (70 ECTS), track specific compulsory courses (35 ECTS) and a minor (15 ECTS).

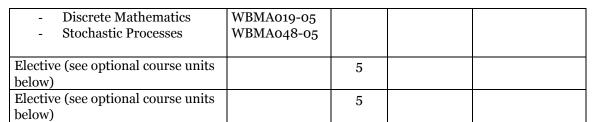
Course unit name	Course code	ECTS	Practical	Entry
				requirements
Group Theory	WBMA005-05	5		
Metric and Topological Spaces	WBMA036-05	5		
Statistics	WBMA009-05	5		
Complex Analysis	WBMA018-05	5		
Multivariable Analysis	WBMA022-05	5		
Geometry	WBMA034-05	5		
Functional Analysis	WBMA033-05	5		
Numerical Mathematics 1	WBMA045-05	5	PR	
Partial Differential Equations	WBMA008-05	5		
Mathematics & Society: Ethical	WBMA049-05	5		
and Professional Aspects				
Preparation Bachelor's Project	WBMA056-05	5		
Bachelor's Project Mathematics	WBMA902-15	15	PR	Passed 150 ECTS
				of the Bachelor's
				programme in
				Mathematics,
				including
				Preparation
				Bachelor's Project

#### **Common compulsory courses**

#### Track specific compulsory courses General Mathematics

Course unit name	Course code	ECTS	Practical	Entry requirements
Dynamical Systems	WBMA031-05	5		-
One out of: - Project Security and Coding - Project Chaos Theory Algebraic Structures	WBMA026-05 WBMA025-05 WBMA039-05	5	PR	-
Two out of: - Analysis on Manifolds - Advanced Algebraic Structures - Philosophy of Science - Introduction to Science and Education (Dutch)	WBMA013-05 WBMA011-05 FI180WET WBEC002-05	15		- - -





#### Track specific compulsory courses Probability and Statistics

Course unit name	Course code	ECTS	Practical	Entry requirements
Discrete Mathematics	WBMA019-05	5		-
Probability and Measure	WBMA024-05	5		-
Stochastic Processes	WBMA048-05	5		-
Project Statistical Reasoning	WBMA038-05	5	PR	-
Statistical Modelling	WBMA028-05	5	PR	-
Elective (see optional course units below)		5		-
Elective (see optional course units below)		5		-

The degree programme has the following choices in minors (15 ECTS):

- a. University-wide broadening minors
- b. Faculty-wide deepening minors
- c. Minor Mathematics
- d. Personal minor, based on an individual choice of course units to be approved by the Board of Examiners

The Minor Mathematics consists of 3 course units:

#### **Minor Mathematics**

Course unit name	Course code	ECTS	Practical	Entry requirements
<ul> <li>Three out of:</li> <li>Elementary Number Theory</li> <li>Percolation Theory</li> <li>Algebraic Topology</li> <li>Introduction to Optimization</li> </ul>	WBMA057-05 WBMA056-05 WBMA058-05 WBMA054-05	15		

In addition, the programme offers the option of a Minor Abroad (30 ECTS) or an Education Minor (30 ECTS). Students who take a Minor Abroad or an Education Minor do not have to take the following courses from the degree programme (15 ECTS):





Track General Mathematics	Track Probability and Statistics
Two out of:	Two Electives
<ul> <li>Analysis on Manifolds</li> <li>Advanced Algebraic Structures</li> <li>Philosophy of Science</li> <li>Introduction to Science and Education (Dutch)</li> <li>Discrete Mathematics</li> <li>Stochastic Processes</li> <li>One Elective</li> </ul>	One out of: - Statistical Modelling - Stochastic Processes

#### Elective course units General Mathematics & Probability and Statistics

Elective course units can be chosen from the post-propaedeutic track specific courses General Mathematics, the post-propaedeutic track specific courses Probability and Statistics, the compulsory Applied Mathematics courses and the Minor Mathematics as long as they are not otherwise part of the student's programme.

Course unit name	Course code	ECTS	Practical	Entry requirements
Project Systems Theory	WBMA027-05	5	PR	-
Differential Equation in Science and Engineering	WBMA061-05	5		-
Project Mathematical Modelling	WBMA055-05	5	PR	-
Mathematical Modelling	WBMA007-05	5		-
Computational Methods of Science	WBMA004-05	5	PR	-
Advanced Systems Theory	WBMA001-05	5		-
Numerical Mathematics 2	WBMA023-05	5	PR	-
Discrete Mathematics	WBMA019-05	5		-
Probability and Measure	WBMA024-05	5		-
Stochastic Processes	WBMA048-05	5		-
Project Statistical Reasoning	WBMA038-05	5	PR	-
Statistical Modelling	WBMA028-05	5		-
Dynamical Systems	WBMA031-05	5		
Algebraic Structures	WBMA039-05	5		
Project Security and Coding	WBMA026-05	5	PR	-
Project Chaos Theory	WBMA025-05	5	PR	-
Analysis on Manifolds	WBMA013-05	5		-
Advanced Algebraic Structures	WBMA011-05	5		-
Philosophy of Science	FI180WET	5		-
Introduction to Science and Education (Dutch)	WBEC002-05	5		-
Elementary Number Theory	WBMA057-05	5		
Percolation Theory	WBMA059-05	5		
Algebraic Topology	WBMA058-05	5		
Introduction to Optimization	WBMA054-05	5		

lective course units General Mathematics





In addition, in the track General Mathematics the elective course units can be chosen from:

Course unit name	Course code	ECTS		Entry requirements
One out of:		5	PR	
- Imperative Programming	WBCS003-05			-
- C++ fundamentals	WBCS033-05			-
Programming in C++	WBCS034-05	5	PR	-
Advanced Logic	WBAI017-05	5		-
Symmetry in Physics	WBPH047-05	5		-
Quantum Physics 1	WBPH014-05	5		-

#### Elective course units Probability and Statistics

In addition, in the track Probability and Statistics the elective course units can be chosen from:

Course unit name	Course code	ECTS	Practical	Entry
				requirements
One out of:		5	PR	
- Imperative Programming	WBCS003-05			-
- C++ fundamentals	WBCS033-05			-
Programming in C++	WBCS034-05	5	PR	
Dynamic Econometrics	EBB813A05	5		-
Game Theory	EBB872A05	5		-
Risk Insurance	EBB863A05	5		-
Statistical Signal Processing	WBAS009-05	5		-
One out of:		5		-
- Introduction to Actuarial	EBB827A05			
Sciences				
- Introduction to	EBB828A05			
Econometrics				

Post-propaedeutic phase double Bachelor's degree in Mathematics and Physics



A student who desires to obtain a Bachelor's degree in Mathematics as well as a Bachelor's degree in Physics can combine a subspecialization of the Mathematics track General Mathematics with a subspecialization of the Physics track Particle Physics. The post-propaedeutic phase of this combination has a workload of 170 ECTS:

Course unit name	Course code	ECTS	Practical	Entry requirements
Group Theory	WBMA005-05	5		requirements
Metric and Topological Spaces	WBMA036-05	5		
Statistics	WBMA009-05	5		
Complex Analysis	WBMA018-05	5		
Multivariable Analysis	WBMA022-05	5		
Geometry	WBMA034-05	5		
Functional Analysis	WBMA033-05	5		
Numerical Mathematics 1	WBMA045-05	5	PR	
Partial Differential Equations	WBMA008-05	5		
Dynamical Systems	WBMA031-05	5		
Project Chaos Theory	WBMA026-05	5	PR	
Algebraic Structures	WBMA039-05	5		
Two out of:		10		
- Analysis on Manifolds	WBMA013-05			
- Advanced Algebraic	WBMA011-05			
Structures				
- Philosophy of Science	FI180WET			
- Introduction to Science	WBEC002-05			
and Education (Dutch)				
- Discrete Mathematics	WBMA019-05			
- Stochastic Processes	WBMA048-05			
Thermal Physics	WBPH002-10	10		
Computational Methods in	WBPH005-	5	PR	
Science and Technology	05			
Quantum Physics 1	WBPH014-05	5		
Waves and Optics	WBPH032-05	5		
Structure of Matter	WBPH034-10	10		
Electronics and Signal Processing	WBPH038-05	5		
Physics Laboratory 3	WBPH051-05	5	PR	
Quantum Physics 2	WBPH052-05	5		
One out of:		5		
- Atoms & Molecules	WBPH003-05			
- Subatomic Physics	WBPH031-05			
One out of:		5		
- Advanced Mechanics	WBPH017-05			
- Physics Laboratory 4	WBPH026-05		PR	
One out of:		5		
– Astroparticle Physics	WBPH036-05			
– Cosmology	WBAS001-05			
One out of:	ĺ	5		
	WBPH040-05		PR	



<ul> <li>Experimental Particle Physics</li> <li>Relativistic Quantum Mechanics</li> </ul>	WBPH045-05			
Symmetry in Physics	WBPH047-05	5		
One out of – Mathematics & Society: Ethical and Professional Aspects	WBMA049-05	5		
<ul> <li>Physics, Astronomy &amp; Society: Ethical and Professional Aspects</li> </ul>	WBPH053-05			
Bachelor Research Project (double BSc Physics+Maths)	WBPH901- 20	20	PR	Passed courses of the Bachelor programme in Mathematics or the Bachelor programme in Physics having a total workload of at least 200 ECTS

The curriculum for the double Bachelor's degree in Mathemativs and Physics can be split into the following two distinct programmes of 180 ECTS each:

Course unit name	Course code	ECTS	Practical	Entry
				requirements
Calculus 1	WBMA003-05	5	PR	
Linear Algebra 1	WBMA020-05	5	PR	
Mechanics and Relativity	WBPH001-10	10		
Analysis	WBMA012-05	5		
One out of		5		
<ul> <li>Sets and Numbers</li> </ul>	WBMA051-05			
<ul> <li>Introduction to Graph</li> </ul>	WBMA052-05			
Theory				
Calculus 2	WBMA029-05	5		
One out of		5	PR	
<ul> <li>Scientific Programming</li> </ul>	WBMA053-05			
<ul> <li>Python for Physicists</li> </ul>	WBPH044-05			
Linear Algebra 2	WBMA035-05	5		
Linear Systems	WBMA043-05	5		
Probability Theory	WBMA046-05	5		
One out of		5	PR	
<ul> <li>First-year Project</li> </ul>	WBMA041-05			
Mathematics				
<ul> <li>Physics Laboratory 2</li> </ul>	WBPH050-05			
Group Theory	WBMA005-05	5		
Metric and Topological Spaces	WBMA036-05	5		
Statistics	WBMA009-05	5		

#### Mathematics track General Mathematics subspecialization Mathematics and Physics



				T
Complex Analysis	WBMA018-05	5		
Multivariable Analysis	WBMA022-05	5		
Geometry	WBMA034-05	5		
Functional Analysis	WBMA033-05	5		
Numerical Mathematics 1	WBMA045-05	5	PR	
Partial Differential Equations	WBMA008-05	5		
Dynamical Systems	WBMA031-05	5		
Project Chaos Theory	WBMA026-05	5	PR	
Algebraic Structures	WBMA039-05	5		
Minor, 15 ECTS of out		15		
<ul> <li>Thermal Physics</li> </ul>	WBPH002-10			
<ul> <li>Waves and Optics</li> </ul>	WBPH032-05			
<ul> <li>Structure of Matter</li> </ul>	WBPH034-10			
<ul> <li>Electronics and Signal Processing</li> </ul>	WBPH038-05			
<ul> <li>Quantum Physics 2</li> </ul>	WBPH052-05			
<ul> <li>Physics Laboratory 3</li> </ul>	WBPH051-05			
<ul> <li>Subatomic Physics</li> </ul>	WBPH031-05			
<ul> <li>Advanced Mechanics</li> </ul>	WBPH017-05			
<ul> <li>Physics Laboratory 4</li> </ul>	WBPH026-05			
– Experimental Particle	WBPH040-05			
Physics				
<ul> <li>Relativistic Quantum Mechanics</li> </ul>	WBPH045-05			
Two out of:		10		
- Analysis on Manifolds	WBMA013-05			
- Advanced Algebraic	WBMA011-05			
Structures				
- Philosophy of Science	FI180WET			
- Introduction to Science	WBEC002-05			
and Education (Dutch)	WDEC002-05			
- Discrete Mathematics	WDM Acto			
	WBMA019-05			
- Stochastic Processes	WBMA048-05			
Quantum Physics 1	WBPH014-05	5		
Symmetry in Physics	WBPH047-05	5		
One out of		5		
<ul> <li>Mathematics &amp; Society:</li> </ul>	WBMA049-05			
Ethical and Professional				
Aspects				
<ul> <li>Physics, Astronomy &amp;</li> </ul>	WBPH053-05			
Society: Ethical and				
Professional Aspects		0.5	- PP	Desard
Bachelor Research Project	WBPH901-	20	PR	Passed courses of the Bachelor
(double BSc Physics+Maths)	20			
				programme in Mathematics or
				the Bachelor
				programme in
				Physics having a
				total workload of
	I			total workload of



	at least 200 ECTS	
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Physics track Particle Physics subspecialization Mathematics and Physics

Course unit name	Course code	ECTS	Practical	Entry requirements
Calculus 1	WBMA003-05	5	PR	
Linear Algebra 1	WBMA020-05	5	PR	
Physics Laboratory 1	WBPH013-05	5	PR	
Mechanics and Relativity	WBPH001-10	10		
Physics of the Quantum Universe	WBPH028-05	5		
Electricity and Magnetism	WBPH033-10	10		
Calculus 2	WBMA029-05	5		
One out of – Scientific Programming – Python for Physicists	WBMA053-05 WBPH044-05	5	PR	
One out of – First-year Project Mathematics – Physics Laboratory 2	WBMA041-05	5	PR	
Thermal Physics	WBPH050-05 WBPH002-10	10		
Computational Methods in Science	WBPH005-05		PR	
and Technology	WDF 11005-05	5	r K	
Quantum Physics 1	WBPH014-05	5		
Complex Analysis	WBMA018-05	5		
Waves and Optics	WBPH032-05	5		
Structure of Matter	WBPH034-10	10		
Electronics and Signal Processing	WBPH038-05	5		
Physics Laboratory 3	WBPH051-05	5	PR	
Quantum Physics 2	WBPH052-05	5		
One out of – Mathematics & Society: Ethical and Professional Aspects	WBMA049-05	5		
<ul> <li>Physics, Astronomy &amp; Society: Ethical and Professional Aspects</li> </ul>	WBPH053-05			
Minor, 15 ECTS out of		15		
<ul> <li>Group Theory</li> <li>Metric and Topologic</li> </ul>	WBMA005-05 WBMA036-05			
Spaces	** DIVIA030-05			
- Statistics	WBMA009-05			
<ul> <li>Multivariable Analysis</li> </ul>	WBMA022-05			
<ul> <li>Partial Differential</li> </ul>	WBMA008-05			
Equations				
<ul> <li>Dynamical Systems</li> </ul>	WBMA031-05			
– Geometry	WBMA034-05			

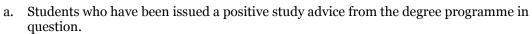


– Functional Analysis	WBMA033-05			
<ul> <li>Numerical Mathematics 1</li> </ul>	WBMA045-05			
<ul> <li>Algebraic Structures</li> </ul>	WBMA039-05			
<ul> <li>Analysis on Manifolds</li> </ul>	WBMA013-05			
<ul> <li>Advanced Algebraic</li> </ul>	WBMA011-05			
Structures				
Project Chaos Theory	WBMA026-05	5	PR	
One out of:		5		
- Atoms & Molecules	WBPH003-05			
- Subatomic Physics	WBPH031-05			
One out of:		5		
- Advanced Mechanics	WBPH017-05			
- Physics Laboratory 4	WBPH026-05		PR	
One out of:		5		
<ul> <li>Astroparticle Physics</li> </ul>	WBPH036-05			
– Cosmology	WBAS001-05			
One out of:		5		
- Experimental Particle	WBPH040-05		PR	
Physics				
- Relativistic Quantum	WBPH045-05			
Mechanics				
Symmetry in Physics	WBPH047-05	5		
Bachelor Research Project (double	WBPH901-20	20	PR	Passed courses of
BSc Physics+Maths)				the Bachelor
				programme in
				Mathematics or
				the Bachelor
				programme in
				Physics having a
				total workload of
				at least 200
				ECTS

# Appendix V Admission to the post-propaedeutic phase (Article 6.1.1)

The following candidates will be admitted to the post-propaedeutic phase:





b. Students who have been issued a positive study advice from one of the degree programmes: Applied Mathematics.





### Appendix VI Contact hours propaedeutic and postpropaedeutic phase (Article 3.6)

Degree programme year 1	
Structure contact hours	Contact hours per year
Lectures	335
Tutorial	290
Practical	25
Computer practical	40
Study support/Mentor groups	70
Supervision during an internship	-
Examinations	80
Misc. contact hours (symposia)	20

Degree programme post-propaedeutic		
Structure contact hours	Contact hours per year	
Lectures	620	
Tutorial	450	
Practical	40	
Computer practical	48	
Study support/Mentor groups	-	
Supervision during an internship	-	
Examinations	240	
Misc. contact hours (symposia)	30	





### Appendix VII Additional Requirements Open Degree Programmes (Art. 7.3)

Students wishing to pursue an open degree programme may file a request with the Board of Examiners. An Open Degree Programme must always be approved in advance by the Board of Examiners. The Board of Examiners will evaluate whether the proposed curriculum meets the learning outcomes of the degree programme and can determine further conditions in their rules and regulations.

The Open Degree Programme in Mathematics must include the common compulsory courses of the post-propaedeutic programme and at least 25 ECTS is to be taken from track-specific compulsory courses (see App. IV for details).





### Appendix VIII Transitional provisions (article 12.1)

Since the TER for this academic year is applicable to all students registered in the Bachelor's degree programme in Mathematics, regardless of the starting date of students, transitional arrangements are in place.

The propaedeutic phase of the 2022/23 curriculum has three new compulsory course units. The course Sets and Integers replaces Kaleidoscope Mathematics. The course Scientific Programming replaces Computer-Aided Problem Solving. Students from the cohort 2021/22 and earlier may take Kaleidoscope Mathematics instead of Sets and Integers and Computer-Aided Problem Solving instead of Scientific Programming provided they have passed the (discontinued) replacement courses before September 1, 2022. The course Mechanics and Relativity 1 is no longer part of the programme. Students from the cohort 2021/22 and earlier who have passed Mechanics and Relativity 1 before September 1, 2022 may replace Introduction to Graph Theory with Mechanics and Relativity 1. In summary:

For cohort 2021-2022 and earlier		
Old Course	New Course	
Kaleidoscope Mathematics	Sets and Numbers	
Mechanics and Relativity 1	Introduction to Graph Theory	
Mechanics and Relativity 2	Mechanics and Relativity for Mathematicians	
Computer-Aided Problem Solving	Scientific Programming	

#### For cohort 2021-2022 and earlier

In the post-propaedeutic phase, the following substitutions are allowed (provided the (discontinued) replacement course is passed before September 1, 2022):

Old Course	New Course	
Fluid Dynamics	Differential Equations in	
	Science and Engineering	
Bachelor's Workgroup	Preparation Bachelor's	
Mathematics	Project	
Calculus of Variation and	Introduction to	
Optimal Control	Optimization	
Project Modelling	Project Mathematical	
	Modelling	

#### For cohort 2021-2022 and earlier

In the track Probability and Statistics, the compulsory course Stochastic Models and choice between Introduction to Actuarial Sciences and Introduction to Econometrics have been replaced by two compulsory courses, Multivariable Analysis and Geometry. In addition, the compulsory course Asymptotic Statistics is discontinued. Instead, an extra elective is added to the track Probability and Statistics. The following replacement rule applies:

#### For cohort 2021-2022 and earlier





Old Courses	New Courses
Stochastic Models	Multivariable Analysis
One out of – Introduction to Actuarial Sciences – Introduction to Econometrics	Geometry
Asymptotic Statistics	Elective (see App IV for optional courses in Probability and Statistics)

See also the transitional arrangements in the appendices TER of previous years. For information on transitional arrangements for courses offered by other degree programmes, see also the Teaching and Examination Regulations of the corresponding programme.